

Development & Evaluation — Chapter study guide

Outcome 1 — Development and Evaluation · 12 key-knowledge points · exam overview, links & practice

The big picture

Develop the solution designed in Unit 3, test and evaluate it against criteria, and assess the effectiveness of the project plan.

Unit 4 Outcome 1 is about **developing the solution, then evaluating it and the project plan**. It assumes the design from Unit 3 and focuses on building efficiently and effectively, testing thoroughly, and judging the result with evidence.

The thread: build with good practices (user-centred design, clear code, documentation, access modifiers, repositories/APIs/AI) → validate → alpha test (developer) and beta test (users) → evaluate the solution against criteria → monitor and assess the project plan.

WHAT THE EXAM REWARDS

- Efficiency vs effectiveness — define both and apply to a solution.
- Access modifiers (public/protected/private) and how private+public methods give encapsulation.
- Alpha vs beta testing — who tests and what each finds; build a testing table.
- Evaluation strategy (criteria, time frame, responsibility) and applying criteria with evidence.
- Project plans — scope creep/personnel/technical factors, recording progress, and assessing plan effectiveness by number/reasons/impact of changes.

Key knowledge at a glance

KK01	Characteristics of efficient and effective solutions Efficient & effective solutions: user-centred design, clear/concise code, detailed internal documentation.
KK02	Characteristics of data types, data structures and data sources for input, storage and output Selecting data types, structures and sources for input, storage and output.
KK03	Features of a programming language Programming-language features including access modifiers (public, protected, private).
KK04	Established and innovative approaches to software development Established & innovative approaches: code repositories, APIs/libraries, AI assistants.
KK05	Validation techniques Validation techniques in development: existence, type, range checking.
KK06	Debugging and alpha testing techniques for checking solutions meet requirements and function correctly Debugging & alpha testing: breakpoints, commenting out code, test data, testing tables.
KK07	Strategies for conducting beta testing Beta testing: testing plan & scenarios, observation, documenting results.
KK08	Features of evaluation strategies Evaluation strategies: criteria, time frame, responsibility.
KK09	Techniques for applying evaluation criteria Techniques for applying evaluation criteria.
KK10	Factors that influence the effectiveness of project plans Factors affecting project plans: scope creep, personnel changes, technical issues.

KK11 Techniques for recording the progress of projects

Recording progress: task/time-frame adjustments, annotations, logs/journals.

KK12 Techniques for assessing the effectiveness of a project plan

Assessing project-plan effectiveness: number of changes, reasons, impact on completion.

Must-know glossary

Effectiveness	How well a solution achieves its purpose/meets requirements.
Efficiency	How well a solution uses resources (time, cost, processing).
private	Access only within the declaring class.
Alpha testing	Internal testing by the developer.
Beta testing	Testing by real/representative users before release.
Evaluation strategy	Plan of criteria, time frame and responsibility for judging a solution.
Scope creep	Uncontrolled growth of features beyond the agreed scope.

Before the exam — revision checklist

- I can distinguish efficiency and effectiveness and the traits of a good solution.
- I can explain access modifiers and how they support encapsulation.
- I can describe established/innovative approaches with a benefit and risk.
- I can implement validation and build a testing table.
- I can distinguish alpha and beta testing and describe beta strategies.
- I can state the features of an evaluation strategy and apply criteria with evidence.
- I can explain the factors affecting project plans and how to record progress.
- I can assess a project plan's effectiveness by number, reasons and impact of changes.

Exam practice — questions & model answers

Q1. A finished booking solution is to be evaluated. State the three features of an evaluation strategy and one evidence source you would use.

State · 4 marks

Model answer

- Criteria (1).
- Time frame (1).
- Responsibility (1).
- Evidence source: user feedback/surveys, observation or performance data (1).

Q2. During development, the client keeps requesting extra features. Name this factor and explain its impact and one way to control it.

Name/Explain · 3 marks

Model answer

- Scope creep (1).
- It adds work beyond the agreed scope, delaying completion and increasing cost (1).
- Control it with a clear agreed scope and a formal change-request process (1).

Q3. Distinguish between alpha and beta testing and give one benefit of each.

Distinguish · 4 marks

Model answer

- Alpha = internal testing by the developer (1); benefit: finds code defects early (1).
- Beta = testing by real users before release (1); benefit: exposes real-world usability issues (1).